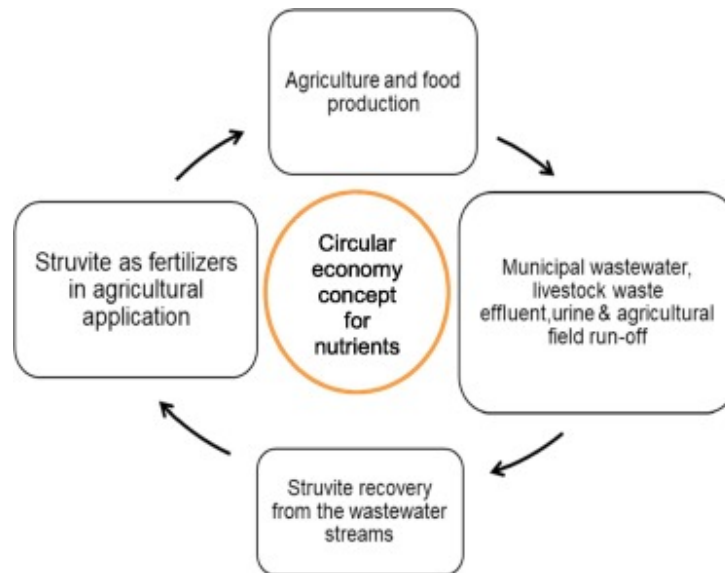


## Struvite as a sustainable nutrient recovery strategy: current trends and future perspectives:



Published on January 9, 2025

Document Date: Mon, Jan 12 2026 01:48:27 pm

Category: ,English,Green Pakistan -

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Struvite ( $\text{NH}_4\text{MgPO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ), a naturally occurring phosphate mineral, is gaining attention for its potential to revolutionize wastewater management and promote sustainability. This crystal, composed of magnesium, ammonia, and phosphate, forms under specific conditions in water. In

the current scientific era, struvite is emerging as a sustainable solution to two pressing global challenges: the depletion of rock phosphate reserves and nutrient pollution in water bodies. Global phosphate rock reserves are estimated between 270 and 420 gigatonnes (Gt), with a reserve base of 148 to 211 Gt. Pakistan's Hazara region holds 20 to 30 million tons of all-grade phosphate rock. As rock phosphate is a finite and irreplaceable resource vital for global food production, exploring alternative phosphorus sources has become crucial. Struvite offers a promising solution by recovering phosphorus from wastewater in a usable form, reducing reliance on dwindling reserves while addressing nutrient pollution that degrades aquatic ecosystems. Integrating struvite recovery into wastewater management can create a circular economy model, safeguarding both food security and environmental sustainability.

Nutrient pollution, especially from excess phosphorus and nitrogen, leads to eutrophication in water bodies, causing algal blooms, oxygen depletion, and ecosystem disruption. Struvite formation mitigates this issue by capturing nutrients from wastewater before they enter aquatic systems, thus preventing pollution and supporting sustainable agriculture through nutrient recycling.

### Benefits of Struvite as a Fertilizer

Struvite is a highly sustainable fertilizer, functioning as a slow-release source of essential

nutrients—phosphorus, nitrogen, and magnesium. Unlike conventional fertilizers, which release nutrients rapidly and lead to runoff and leaching, struvite releases nutrients gradually, reducing water pollution and ensuring a steady nutrient supply for crops. This improves agricultural efficiency while minimizing environmental impacts.

Struvite also enhances soil health, particularly in phosphorus-deficient soils. Its balanced nutrient composition restores soil fertility, promotes healthier plant growth, and boosts crop yields, contributing to the long-term sustainability of agricultural systems. By capturing nutrients from wastewater and transforming them into a valuable resource, struvite exemplifies circular economy principles in agriculture, reducing pollution and providing a renewable fertilizer source.

### Real-World Applications

Several projects showcase the practical benefits of struvite recovery. In Canada, Ostara Nutrient Recovery Technologies' Pearl® process recovers phosphorus as struvite, producing the commercial fertilizer Crystal Green® and reducing maintenance costs in cities like Chicago and Portland. In Germany, the EmscherGenossenschaft and Lippeverband (EGLV) wastewater associations supply sustainable fertilizers to local agriculture. Similarly, Thames Water in the UK extracts struvite at its Slough Sewage Treatment Works, mitigating eutrophication risks and

producing slow-release fertilizers. In the Netherlands, the Water Board De Dommel integrates struvite recovery into wastewater facilities, aligning with the country's circular economy principles. Canada's Regional Municipality of York prevents pipe blockages through struvite recovery, supplying sustainable fertilizers to farmers.

### Environmental and Economic Impact

Struvite recovery significantly reduces eutrophication and offers cost-effective wastewater treatment. By removing phosphorus and nitrogen from wastewater before discharge, it prevents nutrient pollution that harms aquatic ecosystems. Economically, struvite recovery reduces maintenance costs associated with pipe blockages and operational disruptions. Recovered struvite can be sold as a high-quality fertilizer, generating revenue and offsetting treatment costs. This dual benefit makes struvite recovery an economically viable and environmentally sustainable option.

### Challenges and Barriers to Adoption

Large-scale adoption of struvite recovery faces technical and operational challenges. Advanced technologies, such as fluidized bed reactors or specialized membrane systems, require significant initial investment, which can deter smaller wastewater treatment plants with limited budgets.

Operational challenges include optimizing conditions for struvite formation and managing

variability in wastewater composition, necessitating skilled personnel and continuous monitoring.

Supportive policies and regulatory frameworks are essential to overcome these barriers.

Governments must provide incentives, such as subsidies or tax breaks, to encourage investment in nutrient recovery technologies. Clear guidelines for nutrient removal can further drive adoption. Without such measures, the benefits of struvite recovery may remain underutilized, hindering progress toward sustainable wastewater management.

#### Future Prospects of Struvite in Sustainable Agriculture

The future of struvite in sustainable agriculture looks promising. Innovations aim to enhance recovery efficiency and expand applications. Researchers are developing advanced technologies, such as improved reactor designs and real-time monitoring systems, to streamline nutrient extraction. Efforts are underway to integrate struvite recovery into diverse wastewater streams, including industrial and agricultural sources, increasing the availability of this valuable resource. New fertilizer blends using recovered struvite are being developed to meet diverse agricultural needs.

Scaling struvite recovery globally can address key challenges in food security and environmental sustainability. Widespread adoption would reduce dependence on phosphate rock reserves and

ensure a steady nutrient supply for agriculture. As more regions adopt these technologies, struvite will play a critical role in creating resilient, closed-loop systems that support sustainable farming and feed a growing population.

## Conclusion

Struvite recovery offers a sustainable approach to nutrient recycling, addressing phosphorus depletion and water pollution. With advancements in technology and integration into wastewater treatment systems, struvite can revolutionize nutrient management and promote circular economy principles. Collaborative efforts among policymakers, researchers, industries, and communities are essential to scale its adoption, prioritize investments, and establish regulatory support. By transforming this innovative solution into a global standard, struvite recovery can drive sustainable nutrient management and environmental conservation.